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AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

Please amend the claims as follows:

1. (Currently Amended) A system for processing input data to generate output data comprising:

an input module operable for accepting input data over an intranet extranet or internet, the input data relating to a chemical product, function or service;

a processing module operable to perform a calculation on the input data; and an output module operable for outputting output data to a user, wherein the output data comprises data relating to the chemical product, function or service.

2. (Currently Amended) A method for generating output data useful for a specific purpose comprising:

receiving input data over an intranet extranet or internet, the input data relating to a chemical product, function or service;

inputting the input data into a processing module; and processing the input data to generate output data, wherein the output data comprises data relating to the chemical product, function or service.

3. (Currently Amended) A computer-readable medium containing computer-executable instructions for processing data comprising:

computer program code for receiving input data from a user over an intranet extranet or internet, the input data relating to a chemical product, function or service;

computer program code for processing said input data and generating output data; wherein the output data comprises data relating to the chemical product, function or service.

4. (Withdrawn) The system of claim 1 for facilitating the calculation of resins for coatings, inks and adhesives applications, said processing module comprising:

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a processing module operable for calculating a reactor charge and theoretical resin properties based on the input, wherein the processing module is also operable for generating output data about the reactor charge and the theoretical resin properties; and

said output module comprising a display module operable for displaying the output data to a user.

- 5. (Withdrawn) The system of claim 4 wherein the input data comprises at least a raw material selection and certain resin parameters.
- 6. (Withdrawn) The system of claim 5 wherein the certain resin parameters comprises at least a plurality of a name of a monomer, a molecular weight of the monomer, a number of acid functional groups on the monomer, a number of hydroxyl functional groups on the monomer, a condensate from the acid, a condensate from the hydroxyl, a weight fraction monomer in the resin, a weight fraction moiety in the monomer and/or a raw material cost.
- 7. (Withdrawn) The system of claim 5 wherein said output data comprises a tabular process log of the reactor charge's polymerization.
- 8. (Withdrawn) The system of claim 5 wherein said output data comprises a graphical representation of the reactor charge's polymerization.
- 9. (Withdrawn) The system of claim 4 wherein the user accesses said system via the Internet.
- 10. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 2 for facilitating the calculation of resins for coatings, inks and adhesives applications comprising:

inputting information about a material;

calculating a reactor charge and predicting properties of a resin based on the information; and

displaying the reactor charge and the predicted properties of the resin to the user.

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- 11. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 10 wherein the information comprises at least a raw material selection and certain resin parameters.
- 12. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 11 wherein the certain resin parameters comprises at least a plurality of a name of a monomer, a molecular weight of the monomer, a number of acid functional groups on the monomer, a number of hydroxyl functional groups on the monomer, a condensate from the acid, a condensate from the hydroxyl, a weight fraction monomer in the resin, a weight fraction moiety in the monomer, and/or a raw material cost.
- 13. (Withdrawn) The computer-readable medium of claim 3 for facilitating the generation of resins for coatings, inks and adhesives applications comprising:

computer program code for receiving input from a user via the Internet;

computer program code for calculating a reactor charge and predicting properties

of a resin based on the input from the user;

computer program code for displaying the reactor charge and the predicted properties of the resin to the user.

14. (Currently Amended) The system of claim 1 for predicting the standard adhesive properties for a component blend, said processing module comprising:

a processing module operable for calculating standard adhesive properties of at least one component blend based on the input, by a modeling analysis, wherein the processing module is also operable for generating output data about the standard adhesive properties of the at least one component blend; and

said output module comprising a display module operable for displaying the output data to a user.

15. (Original) The system of claim 14 wherein said input comprises a formulation of at least one component blend.

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- 16. (Original) The system of claim 14 wherein said standard adhesive properties comprise at least one of 180-peel strength, PolyKen tack, rolling ball tack, quick stick, room temperature hold power, and shear adhesive failure temperature.
- 17. (Original) The system of claim 15 wherein said output data comprises tabular data of the standard adhesive properties of the at least one component blend.
- 18. (Original) The system of claim 14 wherein said output data comprises at least one graphical representation of the standard adhesive properties of the at least one component blend.
- 19. (Original) The system of claim 14 wherein the user accesses said system via the Internet.
- 20. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 2 for predicting the standard adhesive properties for a component blend comprising:

inputting information about a component blend;

calculating at least one standard adhesive property of the component blend based on the information, by a modeling analysis; and

displaying the at least one standard adhesive property of the component blend to the user.

- 21. (Original) The method of claim 20 wherein the information comprises a formulation of at least one component blend.
- 22. (Currently Amended) The computer-readable medium of claim 3 for predicting the standard adhesive properties for a component blend comprising: computer program code for receiving input from a user via the Internet; computer program code for calculating at least one standard adhesive property of the component blend based on the input from the user, by a modeling analysis;

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computer program code for displaying the at least one standard adhesive property of the component blend to the user.

23. (Withdrawn) The system of claim 1 for predicting the intrinsic viscosity degradation of a material, said processing module comprising:

a processing module operable for using the input to calculate a predicted intrinsic viscosity of a material after each pass through an extruder, wherein the processing module is also operable for generating output data about the predicted intrinsic viscosity of the material; and

said output module comprising a display module operable for displaying the output data to a user.

- 24. (Withdrawn) The system of claim 23 wherein the input comprises at least a virgin resin intrinsic viscosity, a pellet feed temperature, a melt temperature, a virgin resin moisture content, a regrind ratio, and a regrind moisture.
- 25. (Withdrawn) The system of claim 23 wherein said output data comprises a graphical representation of at least one of the following: regrind effect; virgin resin intrinsic viscosity effect; melt temperature effect; feed temperature effect; passes graph; regrind moisture effect; and virgin resin moisture effect.
- 26. (Withdrawn) The system of claim 23 wherein said output data comprises a tabular representation of the predicted intrinsic viscosity of the material after each pass through the extruder.
- 27. (Withdrawn) The system of claim 23 wherein the user accesses said system via the Internet.
- 28. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 2 for predicting the intrinsic viscosity degradation of a material comprising:

inputting information about a material;

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calculating a predicted intrinsic viscosity of the material after each pass through an extruder based on said information; and

displaying the predicted intrinsic viscosity of the material after each pass through the extruder to the user.

- 29. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 28 wherein said information comprises at least a virgin resin intrinsic viscosity, a pellet feed temperature, a melt temperature, a virgin resin moisture content, a regrind ratio, and a regrind moisture.
- 30. (Withdrawn) The computer-readable medium of claim 3 for predicting the intrinsic viscosity degradation of a material comprising:

computer program code for receiving input from a user via the Internet;

computer program code for calculating a predicted intrinsic viscosity of a material after each pass through an extruder based on the input from the user;

computer program code for displaying the predicted intrinsic viscosity of the material after each pass through the extruder to the user.

- 31. (Withdrawn) The system of claim 1 for estimating the part costs of an injection molded material, said processing module comprising:
- a processing module operable for calculating an estimated part cost based on the input, wherein the processing module is also operable for generating output data about the estimated part cost; and

said output module comprising a display module operable for displaying the output data to a user.

32. (Withdrawn) The system of claim 31 wherein said input comprises at least a part mass, a runner mass, a material cost, a number of cavities, an estimated cycle time, a reject rate, a percent of rejects reground, an equipment cost, an equipment amortization time, a mold cost, a mold amortization time, a number of operating hours per week, a project downtime, a machine cost, a secondary operations cost, an overhead expenses cost, and a miscellaneous expenses cost.

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- 33. (Withdrawn) he system of claim 32 wherein said output data comprises tabular data of the estimated part cost.
- 34. (Withdrawn) The system of claim 31 wherein said output data comprises at least one graphical representation of the estimated part cost.
- 35. (Withdrawn) The system of claim 31 wherein the user accesses said system via the Internet.
- 36. (Withdrawn) The method claim 2 for estimating the part costs of an injection molded material comprising:

inputting information about a part; calculating an estimated part cost based on said information; and displaying the estimated part cost to the user.

- 37. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 36 wherein said information comprises at least a part mass, a runner mass, a material cost, a number of cavities, an estimated cycle time, a reject rate, a percent of rejects reground, an equipment cost, an equipment amortization time, a mold cost, a mold amortization time, a number of operating hours per week, a project downtime, a machine cost, a secondary operations cost, an overhead expenses cost, and a miscellaneous expenses cost.
- 38. (Withdrawn) The computer-readable medium of claim 3 for estimating the part costs of an injection molded material comprising:

computer program code for receiving input from a user via a website; computer program code for calculating an estimated part cost of an injection

molded material based on the input from the user;

computer program code for displaying the estimated part cost to a user.

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39. (Withdrawn) The system of claim 1 for calculating the melt viscosity of a material, said processing module comprising:

a processing module operable for calculating a melt viscosity of a material based on the input, wherein the processing module is also operable for generating output data about the melt viscosity of the material; and

and said output module comprising a display module operable for displaying the output data to a user.

- 40. (Withdrawn) The system of claim 39 wherein said input comprises at least an intrinsic viscosity of the material and at least one temperature.
- 41. (Withdrawn) The system of claim 40 wherein said output data comprises tabular data of the melt viscosity of the material.
- 42. (Withdrawn) The system of claim 40 wherein said output data comprises at least one graphical representation of the melt viscosity of the material.
- 43. (Withdrawn) The system of claim 39 wherein the user accesses said system via the Internet.
- 44. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 2 for calculating the melt viscosity of a material comprising:

inputting information about a material; calculating a melt viscosity of the material based on the information; and displaying the melt viscosity of the material to the user.

- 45. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 44 wherein the information comprises at least an intrinsic viscosity of the material and at least one temperature.
- 46. (Withdrawn) The computer-readable medium of claim 3 for calculating the melt viscosity of a material comprising:

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computer program code for receiving input from a user via the Internet;

computer program code for calculating a melt viscosity of a material based on the input from the user;

computer program code for displaying the melt viscosity of the material to the user.

47. (Withdrawn) The system of claim 1 for calculating the theoretical strain that occurs when a snap-fit latch is deflected, said processing module comprising:

a processing module operable for calculating a theoretical strain of a snap-fit latch based on the input, wherein the processing module is also operable for generating output data about the theoretical strain of the snap-fit latch; and

and said output module comprising a display module operable for displaying the output data to a user.

- 48. (Withdrawn) The system of claim 47 wherein the input comprises at least a material, a brand, and snap-fit latch dimensions.
- 49. (Withdrawn) The system of claim 48 wherein said output data comprises tabular data of the theoretical strain of the snap-fit latch.
- 50. (Withdrawn) The system of claim 47 wherein the user accesses said system via the Internet.
- 51. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 2 for calculating the theoretical strain that occurs when a snap-fit latch is deflected comprising:

inputting information about a snap-fit latch; calculating a theoretical strain of the snap-fit latch based on the information; and displaying the theoretical strain of the snap-fit latch to the user.

52. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 51 wherein the information comprises at least a material, a brand, and snap-fit latch dimensions.

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53. (Withdrawn) The computer-readable medium of claim 3 for calculating the theoretical strain that occurs when a snap-fit latch is deflected comprising:

computer program code for receiving input from a user via the Internet;
computer program code for calculating the theoretical strain that occurs when a
snap-fit latch is deflected based on the input from the user;

computer program code for displaying the theoretical strain of the snap-fit latch to the user.

54. (Withdrawn) The system of claim 1 for calculating the minimum coolant flow rate that is needed to achieve turbulent flow in a component, said processing module comprising:

a processing module operable for calculating a minimum coolant flow rate based on the input, wherein the processing module is also operable for generating output data about the calculated minimum coolant flow rate; and

and said output module comprising a display module operable for displaying the output data to a user.

- 55. (Withdrawn) The system of claim 54 wherein said input comprises at least a component type and a drill size.
- 56. (Withdrawn) The system of claim 55 wherein said output data comprises tabular data of the calculated minimum coolant flow rate.
- 57. (Withdrawn) The system of claim 54 wherein the user accesses said system via the Internet.
- 58. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 2 for calculating the minimum coolant flow rate that is needed to achieve turbulent flow in a component comprising:

inputting information about a component;

calculating a minimum coolant flow rate based on the input; and

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displaying the minimum coolant flow rate to the user.

- 59. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 58 wherein the information comprises at least a component type and a drill size.
- 60. (Withdrawn) The computer-readable medium of claim 3 for calculating the minimum coolant flow rate that is needed to achieve turbulent flow in a component comprising:

computer program code for receiving input from a user via the Internet;
computer program code for calculating a minimum coolant flow rate that is
needed to achieve turbulent flow in a component based on the input from the user;
computer program code for displaying the minimum coolant flow rate that is
needed to achieve turbulent flow in the component to the user.

- 61. (Withdrawn) The system of claim 1 comprising: an oxygen ingress input; an oxygen ingress calculation algorithm processing module; and. an oxygen ingress output display.
- 62. (Withdrawn) The system of claim 61, wherein said oxygen ingress input comprises a dimension of a container.
- 63. (Withdrawn) The system of claim 62, wherein said container comprises a Polyethylene Terephthalate bottle.
- 64. (Withdrawn) The system of claim 61, wherein said oxygen ingress input comprises at least one of a container type, an oxygen transmission detail, an initial container oxygen content, an oxygen exposure limit, and/or a time to reach an oxygen exposure limit.

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- 65. (Withdrawn) The system of claim 61, wherein oxygen ingress output display comprises at least one of an oxygen ingress for a specified shelf life; a container image; a transmission rate; an oxygen exposure limit; and/or a graph.
 - 66. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 2 comprising:
 accepting an oxygen ingress input;
 performing an oxygen ingress calculation with said oxygen ingress input; and
 providing an output from said oxygen ingress calculation.
- 67. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 66, wherein said oxygen ingress input comprises a dimension of a container.
- 68. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 67, wherein said container comprises a Polyethylene Terephthalate bottle.
- 69. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 66, wherein said oxygen ingress input comprises at least one of a container type; an oxygen transmission detail; an initial container oxygen content; an oxygen exposure limit; a time to reach an oxygen exposure limit; and/or an oxygen ingress for a specified shelf life.
- 70. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 66, wherein said oxygen ingress output comprises at least one of a container image; a transmission rate; an oxygen exposure limit and/or a graph.
 - 71. (Withdrawn) The system of claim 1 comprising:
 an inhibitor recommendation input;
 an inhibitor recommendation calculation algorithm processing module; and.
 an inhibitor recommendation output display.

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- 71. (Withdrawn) The system of claim 71, wherein said inhibitor recommendation input comprises at least one of a performance characteristic; an importance rating of said performance characteristic.
- 72. (Withdrawn) The system of claim 71, wherein said inhibitor recommendation calculation algorithm comprises a inhibitor rating calculation algorithm.
- 73. (Withdrawn) The system of claim 71, wherein said inhibitor recommendation output display comprises at least one of a recommended inhibitor; and an inhibitor rating, wherein said inhibitor rating demonstrates the degree to which said recommended inhibitor matches said inhibitor recommendation input.
 - 74. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 2 comprising: accepting an inhibitor recommendation input; performing an oxygen ingress calculation with said oxygen ingress input; and providing an inhibitor recommendation output from said oxygen ingress calculation.
- 75. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 74, wherein said inhibitor recommendation input comprises at least one of a performance characteristic and/or an importance rating of said performance characteristic.
- 76. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 74, wherein said step of performing an oxygen ingress calculation comprises determining a rating of an inhibitor.
- 77. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 74, wherein said inhibitor recommendation output comprises: a recommended inhibitor; and an inhibitor rating, wherein said inhibitor rating demonstrates the degree to which said recommended inhibitor matches said inhibitor recommendation input.

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- 78. (Withdrawn) The system of claim 1 comprising: a plasticizer formulation input form; and a plasticizer formulation transmitter.
- 79. (Withdrawn) The system of claim 78, wherein said plasticizer formulation comprises a compound.
- 80. (Withdrawn) The system of claim 78, wherein said plasticizer formulation comprises a plastisol.
- 81. (Withdrawn) The system of claim 78, further comprising a plasticizer formulation analyzer.
- 82. (Withdrawn) The system of claim 79, further comprising a plasticizer formulation optimizer.
- 83. (Withdrawn) The system of claim 79, further comprising a plasticizer formulation output.
- 84. (Withdrawn) The system of claim 83, wherein said plasticizer formulation output comprises a physical property summary.
- 85. (Withdrawn) The system of claim 83, wherein said plasticizer formulation output comprises an optimized plasticizer formulation.
 - 86. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 2 comprising: accepting a plasticizer formulation; and forwarding said plasticizer formulation input to a technical support group.
- 87. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 86, wherein said plasticizer formulation comprises a compound.

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- 88. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 86, wherein said plasticizer formulation comprises a plastisol.
- 89. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 86, further comprising analyzing said plasticizer formulation.
- 90. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 89, further comprising optimizing said plasticizer formulation.
- 91. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 86, further comprising providing a plasticizer formulation output.
- 92. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 91, wherein said plasticizer formulation output comprises a physical property summary.
- 93. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 91, wherein said plasticizer formulation output comprises an optimized plasticizer formulation.
 - 94. (Withdrawn) The system of claim 1 comprising:
 accepting an anti-oxidant input;
 performing an anti-oxidant calculation with said anti-oxidant input using said
 processing module; and
 providing an output from said anti-oxidant calculation.
- 95. (Withdrawn) The system of claim 94, wherein said anti-oxidant input comprises at least one of a food product type; an anti-oxidant solution; a quantity of ingredient in a product; a regulation type and/or a desired anti-oxidant concentration.

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- 96. (Withdrawn) The system of claim 95, wherein said anti-oxidant output comprises at least one of a total anti-oxidant concentration; an anti-oxidant level in a fat content; an anti-oxidant level in an oil content and/or a citric acid measure.
 - 97. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 2 comprising:
 accepting an anti-oxidant input;
 performing an anti-oxidant calculation in said processing module with said anti-oxidant input; and providing an output from said anti-oxidant calculation.
- 98. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 97, wherein said anti-oxidant input comprises at least one of a food product type; an anti-oxidant solution; a quantity of ingredient in a product; a regulation type and/or a desired anti-oxidant concentration.
- 99. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 98, wherein said anti-oxidant output comprises at least one of a total anti-oxidant concentration; an anti-oxidant level in a fat content; an anti-oxidant level in an oil content and/or a citric acid measure.
 - 100. (Withdrawn) The system of claim 1 comprising:
 a weighting agent calculation input for a weighting agent in a beverage
 formulation;
 - a weighting agent calculation algorithm processing module; and a weighting agent calculation output.
- 101. (Withdrawn) The system of claim 100, wherein said weighting agent comprises sucrose acetate isobutyrate (SAIB).
- 102. (Withdrawn) The system of claim 100, wherein said weighting agent calculation input comprises at least one of:
 - a desired specific gravity of oil phase;
 - a SAIB product;
 - an additional weighting agent;

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- a flavoring oil
- a specific gravity of said flavoring oil;
- a percent emulsion desired in said beverage formulation;
- a desired dilution ratio; and
- a percent of an ingredient.
- 103. (Withdrawn) The system of claim 100, wherein said sweighting agent calculation algorithm processing module comprises a desired oil phase specific gravity formulation calculation algorithm.
- 104. (Withdrawn) The system of claim 100, wherein said weighting agent calculation algorithm comprises an oil to weighting agent ratio oil phase specific gravity calculation algorithm.
- 105. (Withdrawn) The system of claim 102, wherein said weighting agent calculation output comprises at least one of an emulsion composition; and or an oil phase component in said beverage formulation.
 - 106. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 2 comprising:
 accepting a weighting agent calculation input for a weighting agent in a beverage
 formulation;
 performing a weighting agent calculation with said weighting agent calculation
 input; and
 providing a weighting agent calculation output.
- 107. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 106, wherein said weighting agent comprises sucrose acetate isobutyrate (SAIB).
- 108. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 106, wherein said weighting agent calculation input comprises at least one of:
 - a desired specific gravity of oil phase;

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- a SAIB product;
- an additional weighting agent;
- a flavoring oil
- a specific gravity of said flavoring oil;
- a percent emulsion desired in said beverage formulation;
- a desired dilution ratio; and
- a percent of an ingredient.
- 109. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 106, wherein said step of performing a weighting agent calculation comprises formulating said beverage formulation to a desired oil phase specific gravity.
- 110. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 109, wherein said step of performing a weighting agent calculation comprises calculating an oil phase specific gravity from a ratio of an oil to said weighting agent.
- 111. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 106, wherein said weighting agent calculation output comprises an emulsion composition and/or an oil phase component in said beverage formulation.
 - 112. (Withdrawn) The system of claim 1 comprising:
 - a solvent reformulation input;
 - a solvent calculation algorithm processing module; and
 - a solvent reformulation output.
- 113. (Withdrawn) The system of claim 112, wherein said solvent reformulation input comprises at least one of:
 - a solvent;
 - a percentage of said solvent in a blend; and/or
 - a cost of said solvent.

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- 114. (Withdrawn) The system of claim 112, wherein said solvent calculation algorithm processing module comprises a solvent reformulation algorithm.
- 115. (Withdrawn) The system of claim 113, wherein said solvent calculation algorithm comprises a solvent formulation analysis algorithm.
- 116. (Withdrawn) The system of claim 96, wherein said solvent reformulation output comprises at least one of an optimum solvent blend; a lowest-cost solvent blend; a solvent detail report; an evaporation detail report; and/or a summary report.
 - 117. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 2 comprising:
 accepting a solvent reformulation input;
 performing a solvent calculation algorithm with said solvent reformulation input;
 and
 providing a solvent reformulation output.
- 118. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 117, wherein said solvent reformulation input comprises at least one of:
 - a solvent;
 - a percentage of said solvent in a blend; and
 - a cost of said solvent.
- 119. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 117, wherein said solvent calculation algorithm comprises a solvent reformulation algorithm.
- 120. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 119, wherein said solvent calculation algorithm comprises a solvent formulation analysis algorithm.
- 121. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 118, wherein said solvent reformulation output comprises at least one of an optimum solvent blend; a lowest-cost solvent blend; a solvent detail report; a evaporation detail report and/or a summary report.

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122. (Currently Amended) A system for processing input data to generate output data comprising:

an input module operable for accepting input, the input comprising a formulation of at least one component blend;

a processing module operable for calculating standard adhesive properties of the at least one component blend based on the input, by a modeling analysis, wherein the processing module is also operable for generating output data, the output data comprising the standard adhesive properties of the at least one component blend; and

an output module comprising a display module operable for displaying the output data to a user.

- 123. (Previously Presented) The system of claim 122 wherein said input comprises a formulation of at least one component blend.
- 124. (Previously Presented) The system of claim 123 wherein the standard adhesive properties comprise at least one of 180-peel strength, PolyKen tack, rolling ball tack, quick stick, room temperature hold power, and shear adhesive failure temperature.
- 125. (Previously Presented) The system of claim 123 wherein said output data comprises tabular data of the standard adhesive properties of the at least one component blend.
- 126. (Previously Presented) The system of claim 122 wherein said output data comprises at least on graphical representation of the standard adhesive properties of the at least one component blend.
- 127. (Previously Presented) The system of claim 122 wherein the user accesses said system via the Internet.

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128. (Currently Amended) A method for generating output data useful for a specific purpose comprising:

inputting data comprising information about a component blend into a processing module; and

processing the input by calculating at least one standard adhesive property of the component blend based on the information, by a modeling analysis to generate output data; and

displaying the output data comprising data relating to the at least one standard adhesive property of the component blend to a user.

- 129. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 128 wherein the information comprises a formulation of at least one component blend.
- 130. (Currently Amended) A computer-readable medium containing computer-executable instructions for processing data comprising:

computer program code for receiving input from a user via the Internet;

computer program code for processing the input by calculating at least one standard adhesive property of a component blend based on the input from the user, by a modeling analysis; and

computer program for generating output data wherein the output data comprises data relating to the at least one standard adhesive property of the component blend.

- 131. (New) The system of claim 122, wherein the modeling analysis comprises a ternary analysis.
- 132. (New) The method of claim 128, wherein the modeling analysis comprises a ternary analysis.
- 133. (New) The computer-readable medium of claim 130, wherein the modeling analysis comprises a ternary analysis.

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- 134. (New) The system of claim 14, wherein the modeling analysis comprises a ternary analysis.
- 135. (New) The method of claim 20, wherein the modeling analysis comprises a ternary analysis.
- 136. (New) The computer-readable medium of claim 22, wherein the modeling analysis comprises a ternary analysis.